**Measures to be taking to prevent attacks:**

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Your password is your first line of defence. Everyone understands that a simple number sequence or the phrase 'p-a-s-s-w-o-r-d' should never be used as a password. But how can you come up with a password?

A password should be strong, long, and unique, according to experts.

Don't make it obvious:

There must be at least 12 characters, with a combination of uppercase, numerals, and punctuation symbols. There are no repeat characters or sequences.

**Online Protection:** Security questions and answers are your second line of defence against hackers when using the internet. The identical questions pop up on a lot of websites. If one of your systems gets hacked, all of your accounts are at risk. You should never use information that is freely available on the internet.

**Protection Against Phishing and Identity Theft:**

Scammers can obtain your personal information in a variety of methods, including when you unintentionally provide it. Place the phone on them and call them back in 10 minutes, preferably from a different device. Scammers might trick you into believing they have hung up by recording their dialling tone. You're still speaking with the scammers when you phone your bank's number for verification. Never give any personal information over the phone, including your PIN. Furthermore, you should never give a courier any of your bank cards to replace your card.